

A C A D E M Y

MFL – French

INTENT



At Abbots Green, it is our intention that learning a foreign language is an essential part of being a member of a multi-cultural society. Our aim is to provide all children with a highquality education in Modern Foreign Languages (MFL) which in turn develops their love of learning about other languages and cultures. This should foster children's curiosity and deepen their understanding of the world.

Our current MFL taught is French, however at Abbots Green we strive to provide children with wider opportunities to experience a range of other languages too. It is our intention to ensure that by the end of our children's education at our school, they have acquired an understanding of both spoken and written French, confidence to speak in French with others and to know how important other languages can be in their future.

Aims of teaching French:



The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources.
- Speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation.
- Can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt.
- Discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.





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Curriculum coverage

The long-term plan demonstrates the break-down of modules within each term in each year group. Modules are blocked per term.



Stage 1 (Year 3)

Core Units 1 - 3, Animals, Food, At School

The first stage is aimed at absolute beginners. The Core Units introduce basic language like colours and numbers that will be essential for the rest of the course. It also has three simple, topicbased units to spark children's interest.

Stage 3 (Year 5)

On Holiday, Eating Out, Hobbies, A School Trip, Seasons, The Environment

Stage 3 contains more **complex** vocabulary and sentence structures. Children will learn to use **adjectives** to add detail to their sentences, and talk about their hobbies and holidays.

Stage 2 (Year 4)

Playtime, My Home, My Town, Describing People, The Body, Sport

Stage 2 starts to introduce some more varied language and sentence structures, including sentences in the third person. But all in contexts that the children will be familiar with.

Stage 4 (Year 6)

Actions, In France, Family, A Weekend with Friends, The Future, Jobs

Stage 4 gives children a **taste** of other tenses. Using the **perfect** and **near future** tenses, children will talk about what they've seen and done, and what they're going to do in the future.

Key Stage 2 – Year 3 and 4

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year	Salut - Core Unit 1	Salut - Core Unit 2	Salut - Core Unit 3	Animals	Food	At School
3	Hello	Hello Mrs Monday	Heads, Shoulders, knees	On the farm	Food	How do you go t
	How are you?	Colours	& toes	Pets	I like to eat	school
	What is your name?	Let's count to 20	Parts of the body	What's your dog like?	What are you eating?	Rooms
	How old are you?	Countries	Let's count up to 31	Where is the cat?	Cutlery	In your pencil ca
	My family	l like	Clothes	Where is the elephant?	Ingredients	What time is it?
	My fantastic family	Nicholas the Monster	Months	Henri looks for his mother	French toast	Subjects
			Genève's birthday			The magic bag
Year 4	Playtime The farmer in his meadow	My Home Where do you live?	My Town How much does it cost?	Describing people What are you like?	<u>The body</u> My face	Sport Sports
4		Your home		What are you like? Hair		
	Simon says I play	Your bedroom	In your town? Where is?	We're all different	What are you doing? It hurts	Which sport do y like?
	In the playground	The kitchen	Shops	The fairy and the pirate	Fairy tales	At the stadium
	What do you like to play?	Daily routine	At the shop	I'm wearing	Where do they live	Wimbledon
	Luc the dreamer	Garon the Giant	Eric goes shopping	The sad frog	Little Red riding Hood	Can you?
						A tennis match
	Reference Units					•

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Key Stage 2 – Year 5 and 6

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Year 5	On Holiday Where are you going on holiday? Where are you staying? At the zoo At the beach At the beach At the theme park The theme park Reference Units Classroom Language	Eating Out I'm ordering a drink At the ice cream shop At the market At the restaurant I'll have A fly in the orange juice	<u>Hobbies</u> My hobbies Music# Musical Instruments The weekend Films Etienne's new friend	A School Trip The wheels on the bus On the ways Through the window At the museum In the countryside A trip to the museum	Seasons The Seasons Spring and summer Autumn and Winter The date Arts and Crafts Make Chinese Lantern	<u>The Environment</u> The weather The pond In the garden Rubbish Problems in the pond
Year 6	Actions I'm looking for the pirate Actions In the cupboard More actions Treasure Hunt A treasure hunt	In France On the bridge In Avignon Where in France? In Paris They speak French French Food Croque-Monsieur	Family My Family Describe your family Household tasks A family weekend My birthday party Cinderella	A weekend with friendsWhat would you like todo?Would you like?SleepoverThe midnight feastAre you going to thecinemaThe sleepover	The futureI'm goingThis weekendTomorrowComparisonsI amThe three Billy GoatsGruff	Jobs I want to be an astronaut Jobs Workplaces The space station At the fire station Paul's 'quiet' day
	Reference Units Classroom Language and Gr	ammar				

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IMPLEMENTATION



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At Abbots Green we use the Salut scheme of work.

This aims to instil a sense of enjoyment around learning a language and explores all forms of acquiring a language – through speaking and listening, reading, writing and comprehension based activities.

Using Salut as the scheme we want to develop pupils' confidence when speaking French. In lessons, our approach enables children to express their ideas and thoughts in another language and to understand and respond to its speakers, both in speech and in writing. It also provides opportunities for children to communicate for practical purposes, with a focus on acquiring and understanding essential vocabulary.

The scheme of work enables pupils to meet the end of Key Stage Attainment targets outlined in the National curriculum.



Salut's approach

The modules within Salut enable pupils to study a range of topics, engaging in conversational French whilst also acquiring and understanding more subject specific vocabulary as lessons progress.

Each unit aims to build upon prior learning and units are sequenced to enable pupils to purposefully build on learning from previous sessions to aid the retention of key subject and topic-based knowledge. Core units are taught in year 3, whilst the complexities of French grammar is covered in Year 6.



Planning

All modules have sequenced planning from Salut detailing each lesson, key concepts and knowledge and vocabulary to be taught.

Teachers adapt these plans to differentiate for the individual needs of their class. Challenge is provided for any bilingual learners who are more confident French speakers through extended writing opportunities and comprehension-based reading exercises.

WEEK 1	Lesson 1: Hello!			
	Leçon 1: Bonjour!			
Language	200000000	Key Activities	IWB Lesson Notes	Additional Activities
<u>Vocabular</u> Bonjour! Au revoir! Bonsoir! À bientôt! Monsieur Madame	Hello! Goodbye! Hi! Good evening! See you soon!	 <u>IWB LESSON</u>: Present Vocab and Review Vocab <u>IWB LESSON</u>: Beat that bee! <u>IWB LESSON</u>: Song: 'Hello — Bonjour' <u>IWB CLASSROOM LANGUAGE</u>; Use the 'In the Classroom Language Unit to familiarise pupils with classroom instructions like "écoutez" ("listen") and "répétez" ("repeat"). Use the instructions in class and make sure all pupils are able to follow them. 	 Children have the opportunity to practise these French greetings by singing along to a cheerful song. Encourage children to include actions when they sing the song — they could wave and shake hands with partners as they greet each other. "Madame" ("madam") and "Monsieur" ("sir") both begin with a capital letter in French, but the English translations don't. Encourage children to use polite greetings, e.g. "Bonjour, Madame!", "Au revoir, Monsieur!" when talking to an adult, and the less formal "Salut!" and "À bientôt!" between themselves. 	 <u>PRINTABLE</u>: Worksheet <u>CLASSROOM ACTIVITY</u>: Have "une journée française" ("a French day") where you and the pupils use French greetings all day. <u>CLASSROOM ACTIVITY</u>: Ask the children to make a wall display using these greetings. <u>CLASSROOM ACTIVITY</u>: Get the children to research how people from different countries greet their friends. For example, shaking hands, kisses on the cheek etc. <u>IWB CLASSROOM LANGUAGE</u>; For more French words and phrases you could use around the classroom, look at the 'In the Classroom 2' lesson with your class.

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Ongoing assessment

Using assessment tools available on Salut, teachers can assess pupil knowledge during and at the end of each unit.

Salut		Class Tracking Form — Stage 1												
Julut	List	:	Speaking: Re			Reading:			Writing:					
	Car	n reco	gnise questions and negatives.	Can	join	in with simple songs and	Can	n rea	d and pronounce familiar written	Car	n writ	te some familiar words from		
	Car	n und	erstand and respond to simple	rhyr	nes.	Can ask and answer simple	wor	rds a	ccurately. Can understand	me	mory	. Can write short, simple		
	ins	instructions and questions. Can identify			questions using accurate pronunciation,		n, familiar written phrases and simple			responses to questions using familiar				
			n the French language. Can	so that others can understand them.			sentences, and respond to them. Can			words. Can write some singular nouns				
			e some adjectives, and identify			about themselves using some	recognise whether written nouns are				with the correct article.			
	plu	plurals in spoken French.			common verbs in the first person			singular or plural.						
						form.	├──	T		-				
Name	Checkpoint 1	Checkpoint 2	Achieved? (Yes, Almost, No)	Checkpoint 1	Checkpoint 2	Achieved? (Yes, <mark>Almost, No</mark>)	Checkpoint 1	Checkpoint 2	Achieved? (Yes <mark>, Almost, No</mark>)	Checkpoint 1	Checkpoint 2	Achieved? (Yes, <mark>Almost, No</mark>)		
Jo Bloggs	Y	Y	Y	N	А	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	А		
Expectations By the end of this unit:														
All children will: Most ch			Most children will	l progress further and will: Some children will progress even further a				nd v	vill:					
Recognise some basic Fre	Recognise some basic French greetings. E			et ea	ach c	other confidently, and •	Greet each other confidently and ask and respond to					ond to		
 Recognise the numbers 1 	l-10.		introduce the	mselves and their family.			simple questions.							
 Respond to some simple. 	 Respond to some simple classroom instructions. Understand the 								stand the numbers 1-10 and wri					

say how old they are.

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Understand and respond to some simple

Respond to some simple classroom instructions.

 Respond to some simple questions when prompted with visual cues.

Recognise basic family vocabulary.

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 questions and instructions.
 French.

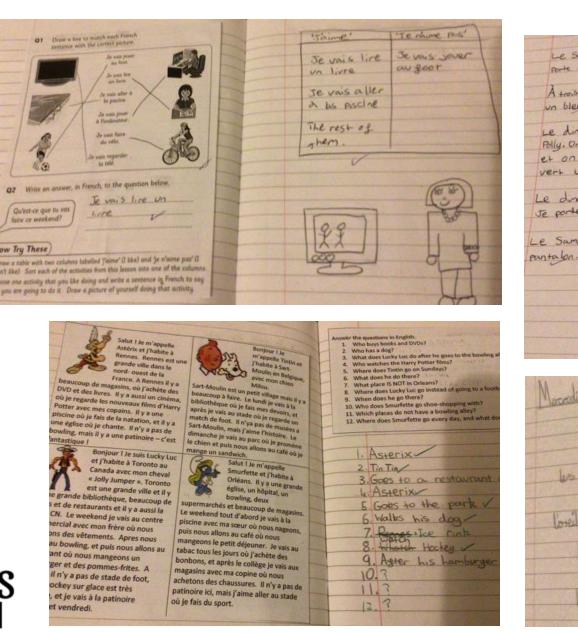
 Recognise some words in their written form and pronounce them accurately.
 Recognise most key vocabulary and pronounce them clearly.

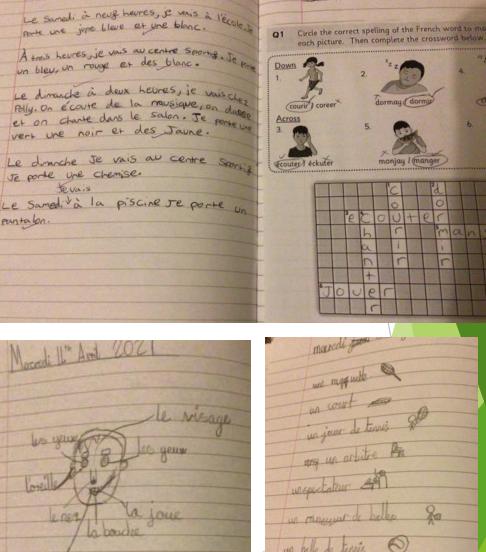
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of them from memory.

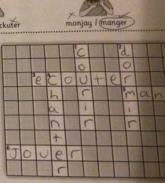
Be competent at using some classroom language in

Evidence of learning





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faire ce weekend?

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Evidence of learning

Pupil voice	Evidence in knowledge
Children shared how Salut makes their	
learning fun and pupils spoke about	
their enjoyment for taking part in	
competitive games in French lessons.	Pupils understand the importance of
They spoke about how it helps make	learning another language and how this
them concentrate when they know	can be used in the outside world, the
there might be a team quiz with a prize	workplace and in the school to
at the end of the lesson!	communicate with children who have
	EAL.
Children across KS2 spoke about how	

learning French can be important and

helpful in their future.

IMPACT





Beyond Abbots Green Academy

We believe that when children leave Abbots Green Academy, they will have a natural curiosity and confidence to explore other countries, cultures and languages, welcoming that, in a multilingual society it is a valuable skill to be able to communicate effectively with others in another language. They will therefore be engaged and prepared to continue their language learning journey at Secondary School.